

Installation instructions **GB****Berlin RCM 303 A
Navigation component
TravelPilot RG 05**

3 D94 653 072

7 612 001 110

GB**Safety instructions**

Installation and connection regulations

While installing and mounting this equipment, you must disconnect the negative terminal of the battery. Important: You must also comply with all safety instructions given by the auto manufacturer (alarm system, vehicle immobilizer, airbag)!

Before drilling holes for mounting the equipment or laying the wiring, make sure that no existing wiring or auto parts (such as the petrol tank, fuel line) will be damaged.

Use wire bushings on sharp-edged holes.

In order to avoid any interference, lay all wiring far enough away from the wire harnesses.

Equipment fuses:

Basic unit:	5 A wire fuse
	5 A miniature fuse
GPS receiver:	5 A wire fuse

Notes on the operation of the system

In order to ensure the trouble-free operation of the navigation system, a calibration must be performed after the equipment has been installed. A special installation and calibration CD-ROM, including operating instructions, is required. Software available for the Berlin RCM 303 A operating panel from version 04.11.94 is capable of controlling the navigation componentry. Older software must be replaced by the most recent update, whereby an update for the tuner software is also required (at least version 08.09.94).

Note: An error message list, a service checklist and diagnostic aids have been included at the end of these installation instructions.

Componentry Fig. 1

The navigation componentry consists of a navigation computer with an integrated CD-ROM drive (navigation unit), a NAVI interface, a GPS receiver with an antenna, a precision resistor for the rear window defogger, a magnetic field sensor, wheel sensors, a loudspeaker and mounting material.

Mounting location for the navigation unit

Remove the transport block (two brass screws in the upper plate) before beginning the installation work. Keep these screws in a safe place in case the unit must be set in for servicing. After removing the screws, insert the enclosed plugs into the holes in the upper plate.

The navigation unit need not be installed at any particular position.

When choosing the mounting location for the navigation unit, you must make sure that the unit is installed lying in a horizontal position (you must be able to read the writing on the flap).

Make sure that there is enough room to insert the navigation CD into the CD drive. Use the enclosed installation material in order to mount the navigation unit. Positive connection Fig. 2

Positive connection Fig. 2

The navigation unit must be connected to permanent plus 12 V and positive via the ignition.

Lay the permanent plus 12 V wire (red) to the battery (do not lay the wiring directly by the wire harnesses). Attach the fuse carrier to protect the positive wire and connect it to the positive terminal on the battery (if necessary, drill a hole through the splashboard and use wire bushings accordingly).

Connect the switching plus wire (black) with the fuse carrier at terminal 15 (switched to plus via the ignition) behind the fuse. In cars in which it is not possible to connect the wire in the fuse box, use the enclosed fuse carrier to connect the wire directly to terminal 15 at the ignition. Remove the steering wheel panelling first.

Negative connection Fig. 2

Screw the negative wire (brown) directly onto the chassis. Scratch the contact point for the ground down to the bare metal and grease it with antiseize graphite petroleum (important for good grounding).

Magnetic field sensor (electronic compass)

Note: You must determine the optimum mounting location for the magnetic field sensor in each vehicle individually. Before permanently installing the magnetic field sensor, attach it temporarily and then test the chosen location with the installation and calibration CD-ROM to make sure everything operates correctly.

The magnetic field sensor must be installed in the passenger room. It determines the driving direction by measuring the horizontal earth magnetic field component. Since the earth magnet field is relatively small, you must ensure that there is no magnetic or electromagnetic interference affecting the magnet field sensor at the chosen mounting location.

Use the enclosed mounts to attach the magnet field sensor to a window which cannot be opened or, especially where estate wagons or liftback cars are concerned, mount it without fasteners underneath the inside roof lining using double-sided sticky tape.

Note: If the magnetic field sensor is mounted in the direct vicinity of an AM radio antenna integrated into the rear window, it may cause occasional interference in the radio reception in the long wave range.

Testing the mounting location of the magnetic field sensor

Two different tests are required.

1. Test for permanent magnetic interference

Load the installation disk.

Select „find compass location“, and then „compass ellipse“ and drive the vehicle in a circle. A circle should appear on the display inside the squares (ideally the circle should be in the centre). If this circle is partially or entirely outside of the squares, then you must mount the magnetic field sensor in a different place.

2. Testing for interference caused by other electrical equipment

Load the installation disk, select „find compass location“ and then „compass error“.

Press „reset“, switch on the consumers (e.g. sliding sun roof, rear window wiper).

The value indicated for „Loc. error“ must be less than 3.5.

Press reset each time you switch on a different piece of electrical equipment.

After having tested each piece of electrical consumer individually, check logical combinations as well. The sum of the values for the consumers must not exceed a „Loc. error“ of 3.5.

If the value registered exceeds 3.5, then you must mount the magnetic field sensor in a different location.

Note: Do not switch on the rear window defogger while testing for interference from the electrical equipment. Any interference caused by the rear window defogger is registered separately during calibration and then compensated.

Precision resistor for the rear window defogger (shunt)

The precision resistor has 2 connection wires and 1 measuring wire:

1. Connection to the ground contact of the rear window defogger (length: 250 cm),
2. Connection to the vehicle chassis (length: 75 cm),
3. Measuring wire to the navigation unit (length: 50 cm), Fig. 3

The mounting location of the precision resistor depends on the length of the wiring.

Do not lengthen the connection wires for the ground contact and the vehicle chassis. Do not attach the connection for the vehicle chassis to the liftback in estate wagons or liftback cars. Select the mounting location for the precision resistor so that any heat build-up will be eliminated (chassis metal).

Lay the measuring wire to the navigation unit and connect it to the corresponding jack of the compact plug, Fig. 3

Note:

No other electrical equipment (e.g. rear window wiper) may be connected to the ground contact for the rear window defogger, except for the rear window defogger.

Wheel sensors and magnetic strips Fig. 4

Safety instructions

Never screw the wheel sensor clamp onto any stress-bearing parts.

Never drill holes in any stress-bearing parts.

Do not attach the sensor wiring to the brake lines or to any moving parts.

The wheels must be tightened using the torque recommended by the factory (approx. 100 Nm).

Mount the wheel sensors and the magnetic strips on the free-rolling wheels, for four-wheel drive cars, on the rear wheels.

In order to mount both the wheel sensors and the magnetic strips, the vehicle must be jacked up.

Screw the wheel sensors onto the sensor mounts and look for a suitable mounting location. The sensors must not swing mechanically and they should be placed in a sheltered location.

While mounting the wheel sensors, it is essential to comply with the installation tolerances, Fig. 5

Mounting the magnetic strips

After you have found a suitable location for the wheel sensors, you must determine the position of the magnetic strips on the inside of the wheel rims. Mark the location selected for the magnetic strip and remove the wheel.

Before unscrewing the wheel nuts, mark the position of the wheel on the wheel hub.

Because the magnetic strips are glued into position, the rim must be free

of rust, dirt, grease and water. Clean the inside of the wheel rim thoroughly (brake cleaning fluid, brake and clutch cleaner).

To ensure that the glue adheres properly, the rims must be at room temperature.

After thoroughly cleaning and perhaps allowing the rims to warm up, glue the magnetic strips onto the marked spots over the entire area parallel to the outer edge of the rim, Fig. 4

Notes

Do not glue the magnetic strips directly onto the edge of the rim, as here they can be damaged very easily.

Do not piece the magnetic strip together and cut it only at the marked points (maximum gap between the beginning and end point, one field = 25 mm).

Mount the wheels and tighten the nuts. Align the wheel sensors in keeping with the installation tolerances, Fig. 5, and screw them on.

Lay the sensor wires into the interior of the vehicle (use any existing bushings or drill new holes) and lay them to the navigation unit.

GPS receiver

Mounting the antenna

Important information:

- Mount the antenna on a metal roof only. It is not permissible to mount the antenna on synthetic roofs or aluminium.
- When mounted on a roof (held only by a magnet), the antenna must not be exposed to temperatures lying outside a range of -20° C to +80° C.
- It is not permissible to mount the antenna on roofs covered with leather or synthetic material.
- Use protective sheathing to protect the antenna wire from being pinched.
- The adhering surface of the antenna must be free of dirt, snow, ice, etc.
- You must not lengthen, shorten or bend the antenna wire. Do not remove the plug during the installation.
- If the antenna is painted with the same colour as the vehicle, especially paints containing a high percentage of metal, this may adversely affect the reception. There is no guarantee that the antenna will operate properly after it has been painted.

Seen from the driving direction, the antenna is to be mounted on the right-hand side in the rear of the vehicle (passenger's side, in Great Britain, driver's side). On notchback vehicles, mount the antenna on the lid of the boot using the corner clamps, Fig. 6.

On estate wagons and liftback cars, set the antenna on the roof with its magnetic foot, Fig. 7.

For a roof mount, remove the corner clamps, Fig. 8.

For estate wagons and liftback cars, lay the antenna wire along the rain gutter downwards and into the interior of the vehicle, Fig. 9.

Any obstacles near the antenna, such as roof or bicycle carriers, may adversely affect or even prevent satellite reception.

Lay the antenna wire into the interior of the vehicle and connect the BNC plug on the antenna wire with the antenna jack on the GPS receiver.

It is advisable to remove the antenna from the roof when driving through a carwash.

Mounting the GPS receiver

The location for the GPS receiver is dependent on the length of the antenna wire (2.5 m) and the connection wire to the navigation unit (1.5 m).

Cut the perforated strips into equal lengths and bend them to form corner clamps, Fig. 10. Screw the clamps onto the GPS receiver using 4 screws and tooth lock washers. Mount the GPS receiver in a dry spot in the boot by screwing it on. Do not use screws longer than 7 mm, otherwise you may destroy the GPS receiver.

Positive-negative connection GPS receiver Fig. 2

The GPS receiver must be connected to permanent plus 12 V and positive via the ignition.

Lay the permanent plus 12 V wire (orange) to the battery (do not lay the wire in the direct vicinity of any wire harnesses). Attach a fuse carrier to protect the plus wire and connect it to the positive terminal of the battery (if necessary, drill holes in the splashboard and use wire bushings accordingly).

Connect the switching plus wire (red) to the fuse carrier at terminal 15 (switched to plus via the ignition) behind the fuse. In cars in which it is not possible to connect the wire in the fuse box, use the enclosed fuse carrier to connect the wire directly to terminal 15 at the ignition. Remove the steering wheel panelling first.

Screw the negative wire (brown) directly onto the chassis. Scratch the contact point for the ground down to the bare metal and grease it with antiseize graphite petroleum (important for good grounding).

Connection with the Berlin RCM 303 A

There are 2 options for the connections to the Berlin RCM 303 A:

1. Connection without a TV/Video interface (see Fig. 11)
2. Connection with a TV/Video interface (see Fig. 12)

CORA bus

The unit is connected to the Berlin CORA bus via the NAVI interface. Attach the enclosed coupling to the Berlin CORA bus (coloured wire at Pin 1). Connect the enclosed CORA bus wire (2 m) with the coupling and the NAVI interface, Fig. 13.

Loudspeaker

Install the loudspeaker for the voice directions in the foot area of the vehicle so that it is possible to understand the voice instructions clearly.

Connecting the sensors for the navigation unit

Lay the connecting wires for the precision resistor, the wheel sensors, the loudspeaker and the magnetic field sensor to the navigation unit and connect them to the compact plugs, Fig. 14.

Modifications reserved!

Componentry Fig. 1

Navigation unit



NAVI interface



Componentry Fig. 1

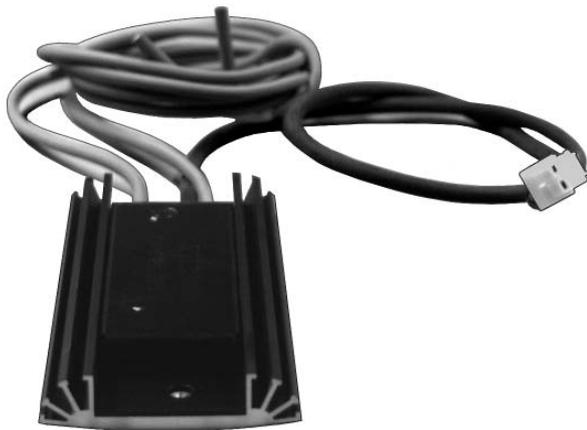
GPS receiver



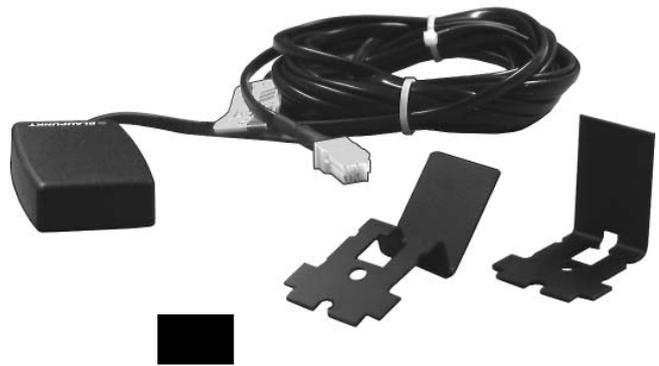
GPS antenna



Precision resistor



Magnetic field sensor



Wheel sensors (2x)



Wheel sensor extension cord (2x)



Componentry Fig. 1

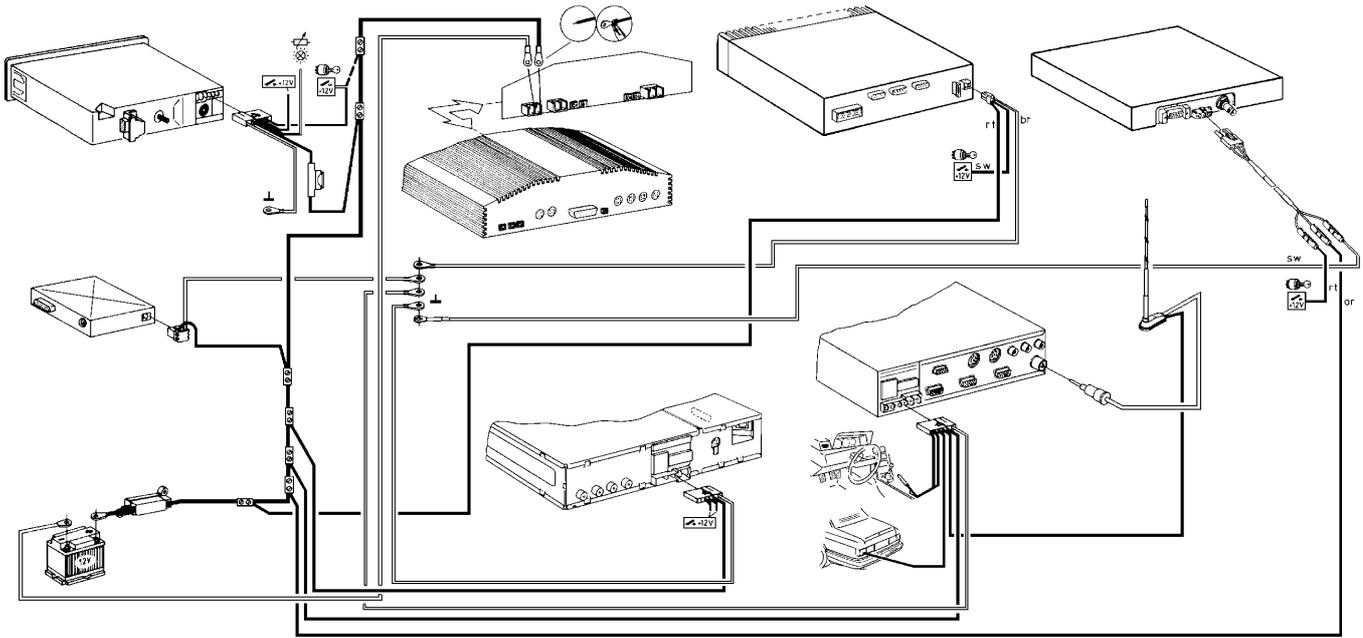
Loudspeaker



Mounting material



Connection overview



Positive-negative connection Fig. 2

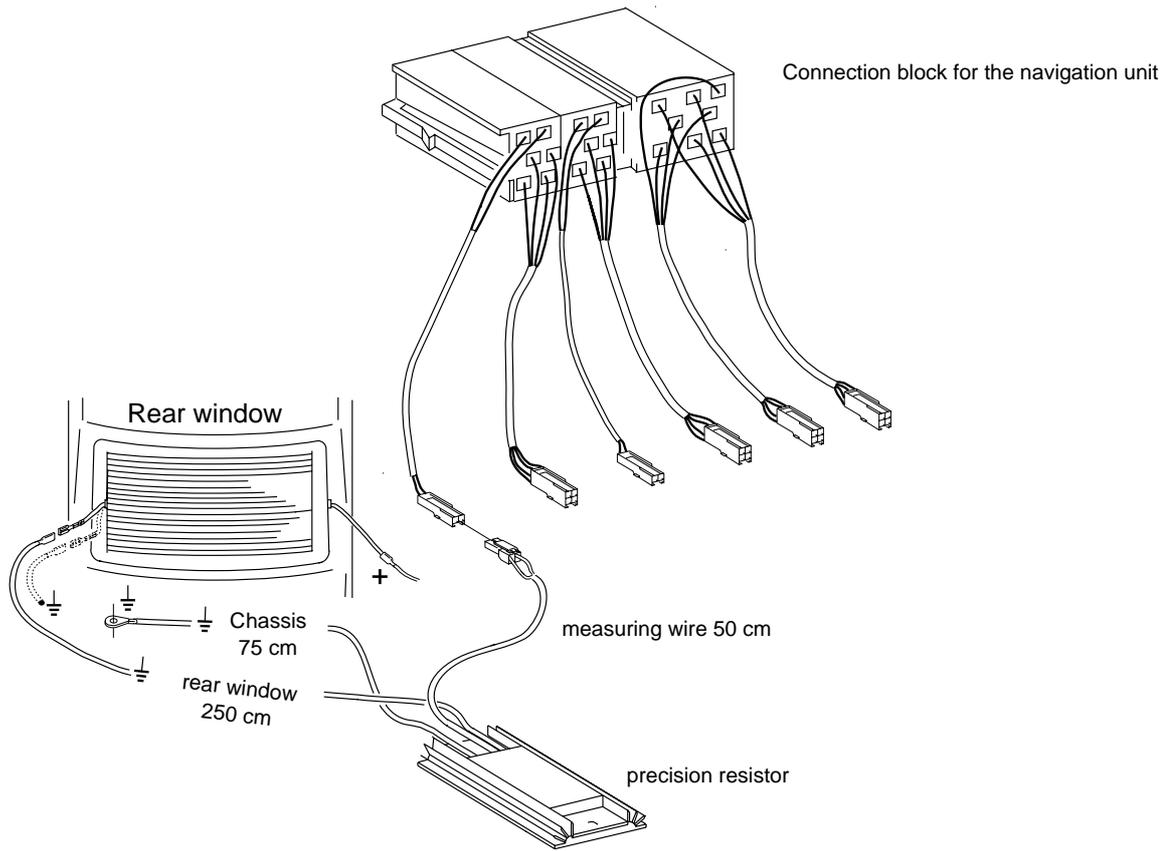


UBatt
terminal 30
red

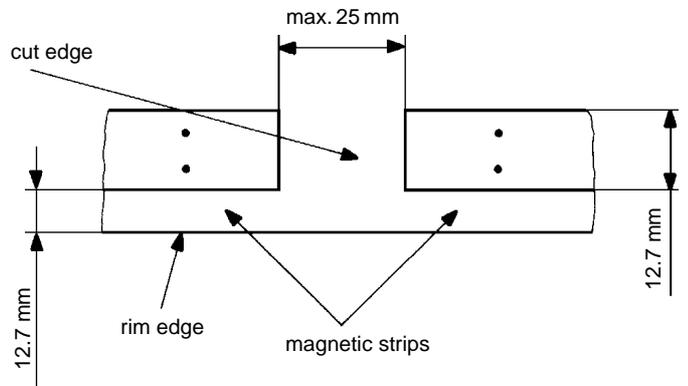
Ignition
terminal 15
black

ground
brown

Precision resistor connection Fig. 3

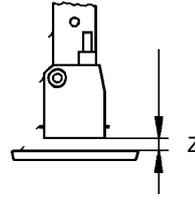


Mounting the wheel sensor and magnetic strip Fig. 4

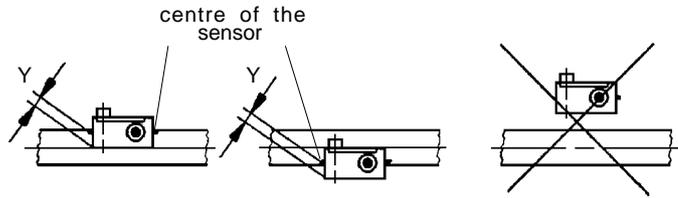


Installation tolerances for the wheel sensors Fig. 5

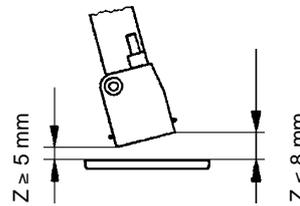
Clearance Z: $Z = 6.5 \text{ mm} \pm 1.5 \text{ mm}$



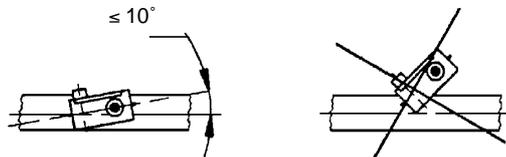
Offset Y: The centre of the sensor must be located over the entire circumference of the wheel over the magnetic strip.



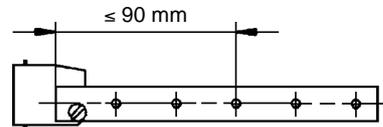
Set angle: The edges of the wheel sensor must be set at a distance conforming to Z.



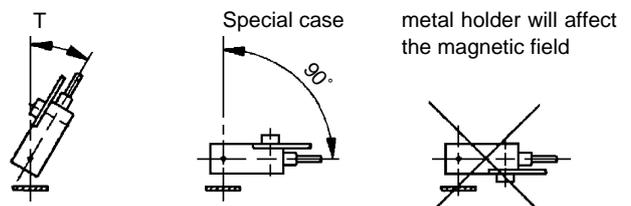
Turning angle: The turning angle must not exceed 10°.



Length of the metal holder: The free-standing length must be kept as short as possible (max. 90 mm).
If the free-standing length is greater than 90 mm, then the metal holder must be reinforced.



Rotation angle T: The rotation angle must not exceed 20°. **Special case:** T = 90°, do not mount the metal holder facing in the direction of the magnetic strip.



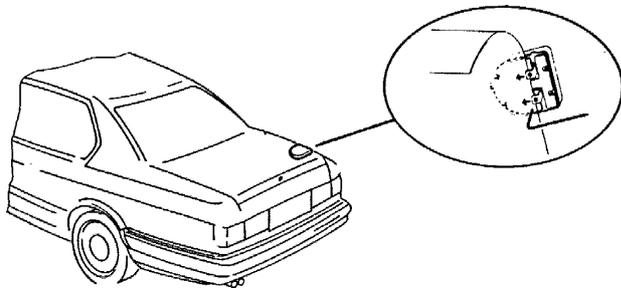


Fig. 6

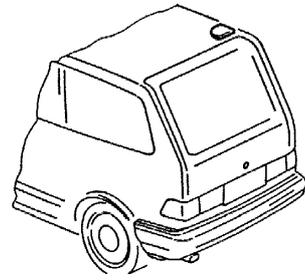


Fig. 7

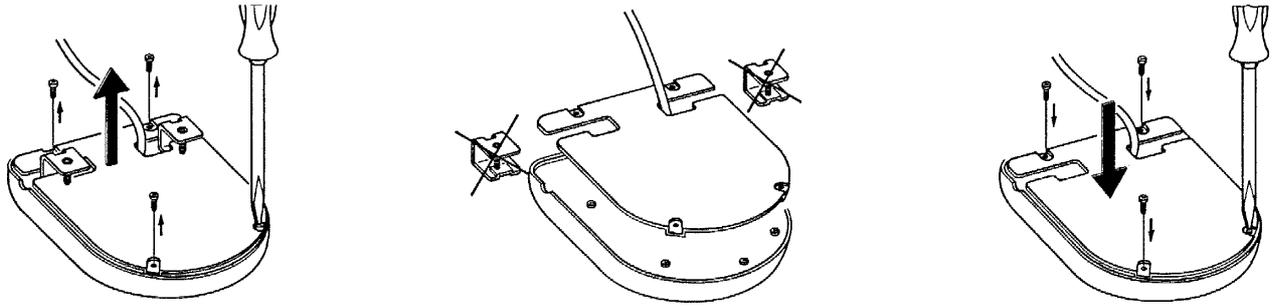


Fig. 8

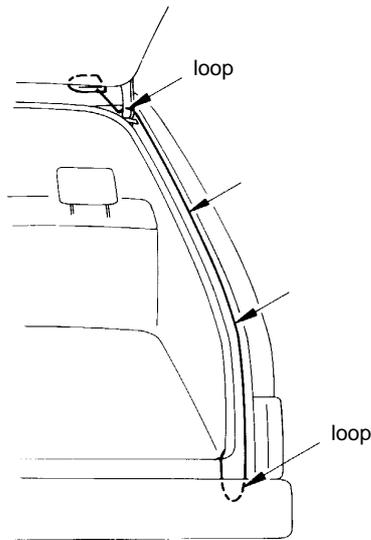


Fig. 9

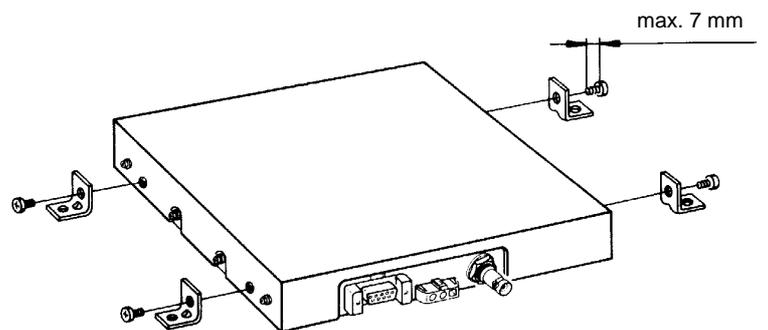
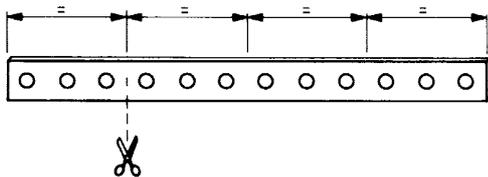
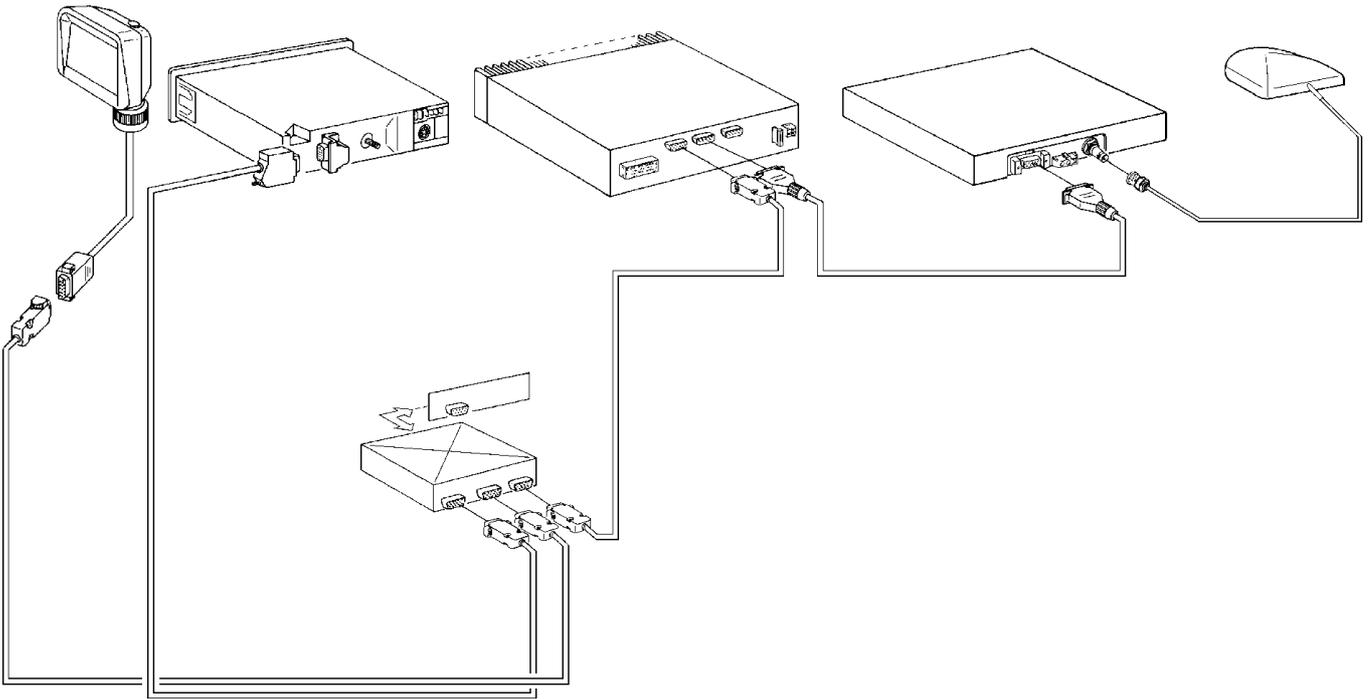
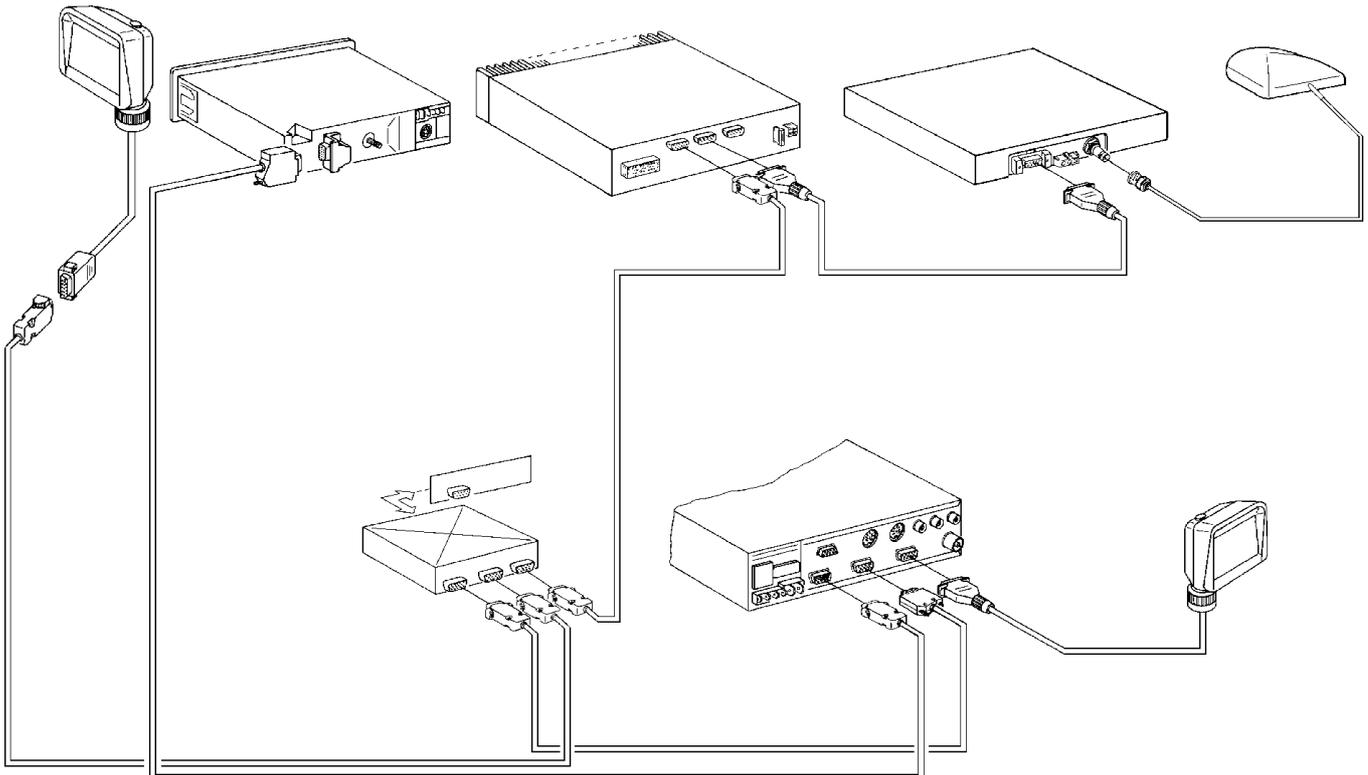


Fig.10

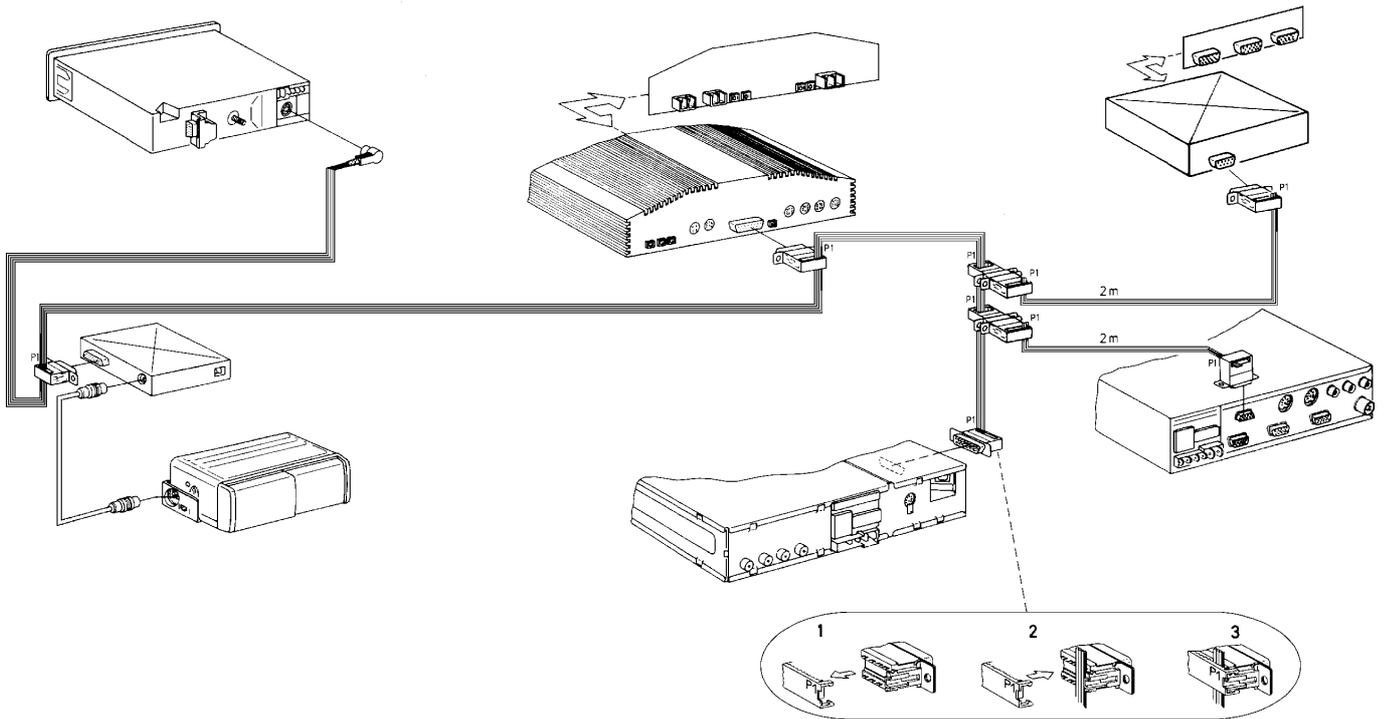
Connection without a TV/Video interface Fig. 11



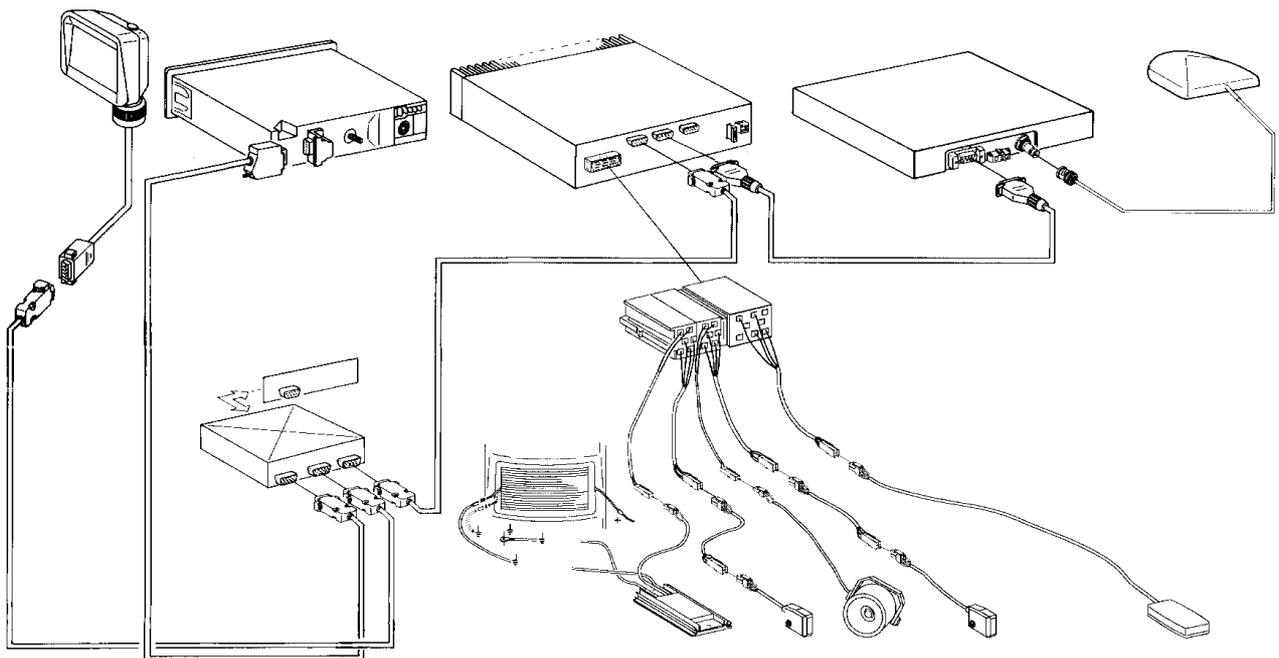
Connection with a TV/Video interface Fig. 12



CORA bus connection Fig. 13



Sensor connection Fig. 14



Error message list

The following error messages can appear in the top line on the screen in any menu regardless of what function is currently being performed.

„Check r. wheel sensor“, „Check l. wheel sensor“:

No signals are being received from the wheel sensor indicated, or the signals are being interrupted sporadically. This error can only be registered while the car is in motion.

„Check the compass“:

The compass is not connected or the voltage level of the compass is outside of the valid value range. This error can only be registered while the car is in motion.

„Check the GPS antenna“:

The GPS antenna wire is faulty. This message will appear only if the GPS receiver is connected.

„CD reading error“:

Either no data is being read from the CD or the CD player is making repeated transmission errors. This may be caused by damp or dirty CDs, CDs slipping in the cartridge or errors on the CD in the map data.

„Please insert disk“:

The CD has been removed while the system was in operation. If the navigation programme continues to try and retrieve data from the CD in order to load the map data or calculate a route, for example, then the error message „CD reading error“ may appear.

„No voice output“:

Voice output is not possible because the vocabulary data is being loaded. This message will only then appear, when the user allows the acoustic driving recommendation to repeat.

„No GPS receiver connected“:

will appear in the DSC MENU / GPS STATUS if no data is received from the GPS receiver via the serial interface. Possible causes: The wire connecting the GPS receiver and the navigation unit is not hooked up or is damaged, the power supply to the GPS receiver is faulty.

„No position“:

This message will appear in the DSC MENU / GPS STATUS without including the number of satellites, if there is no information to be evaluated from the telegram from the GPS receiver directly after the system has been started. If the number of satellites appears on the screen, then the current location cannot be determined because there are not enough satellites available for locating.

„Language is being loaded“:

will appear in the DSC MENU / AUDIO MENU, when the current vocabulary data is being loaded into the speech processor. This process takes approximately 15 minutes and is done automatically when the data in the speech processor storage has been lost, for example, after an interruption in the power supply or when a different language has been selected.

„No crossing exists“:

In order to enter a location into the DSC MENU / LOCATION ENTRY, you must also enter a crossing. If a location is entered for which no street names are known or if a street in the city is entered, but no crossing is known, then this error message will appear.

„The streets cross repeatedly“:

When entering the location, streets have been selected which cross each other more than once, for example, because they are crescent-shaped.

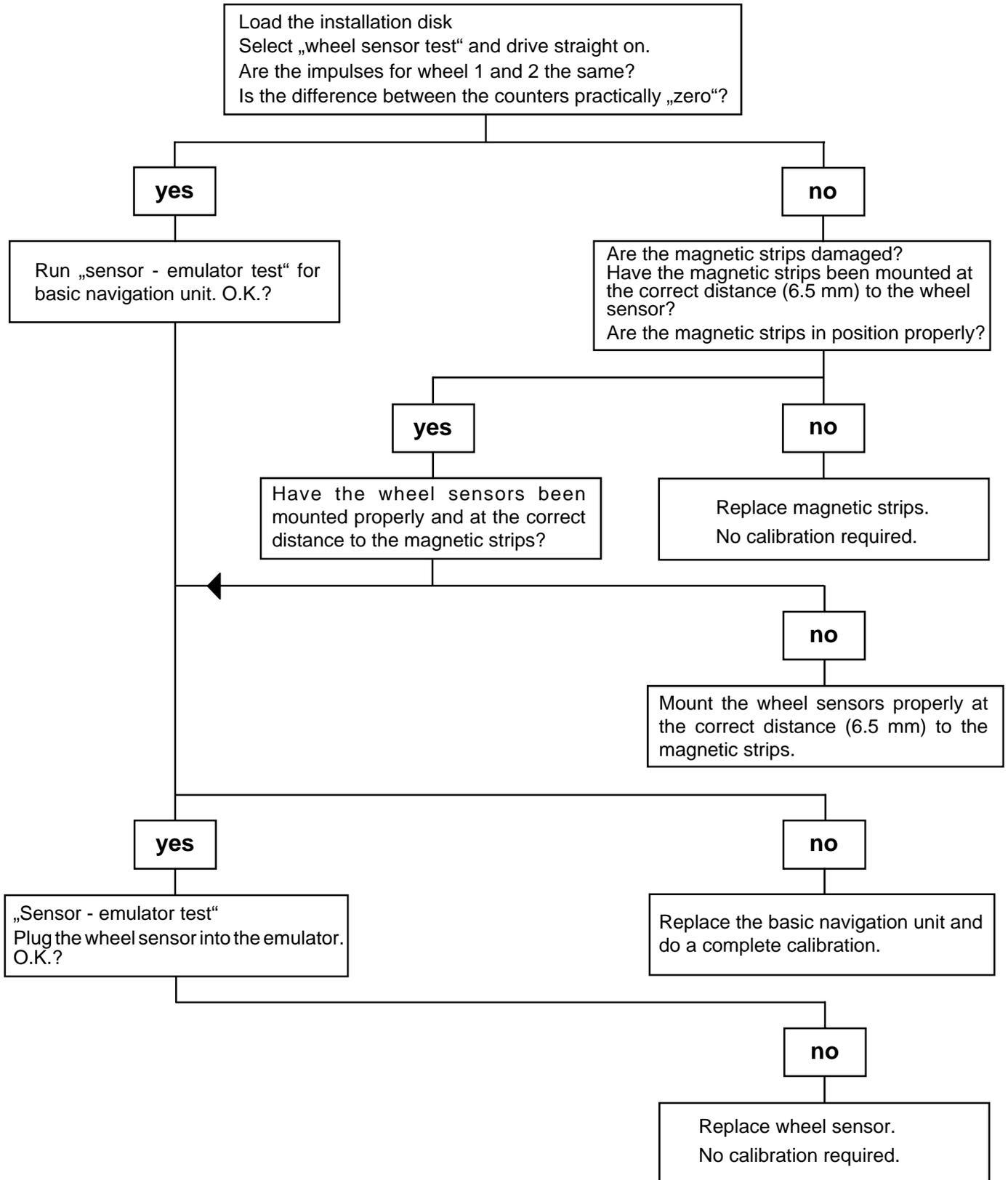
Service Checklist

Check the following points during servicing!

- 1) Is the operating power supply all right?
- 2) Is the basic navigation unit mounted so that it is free of vibration?
- 3) Has the navigation CD-ROM been loaded correctly into the CD-ROM player?
- 4) Has the mounting location for the magnetic field sensor been selected correctly?
- 5) Does the customer transport metal parts frequently and are these parts in the vicinity of the magnetic field sensor?
- 6) Have the wheel sensors been installed on the free-rolling wheels at a distance of 5 to 8 mm from the magnetic strips?
- 7) Have the wheel sensors been mounted on the corner clamps so that they are free of vibration?
- 8) Have the magnetic strips been mounted correctly and not damaged?
- 9) Have the magnetic strips been glued in straight with a gap of not more than 2.5 cm?
- 10) Has the precision resistor been mounted correctly and its operation tested?
- 11) Is the GPS antenna all right, is the reception obstructed in any way?

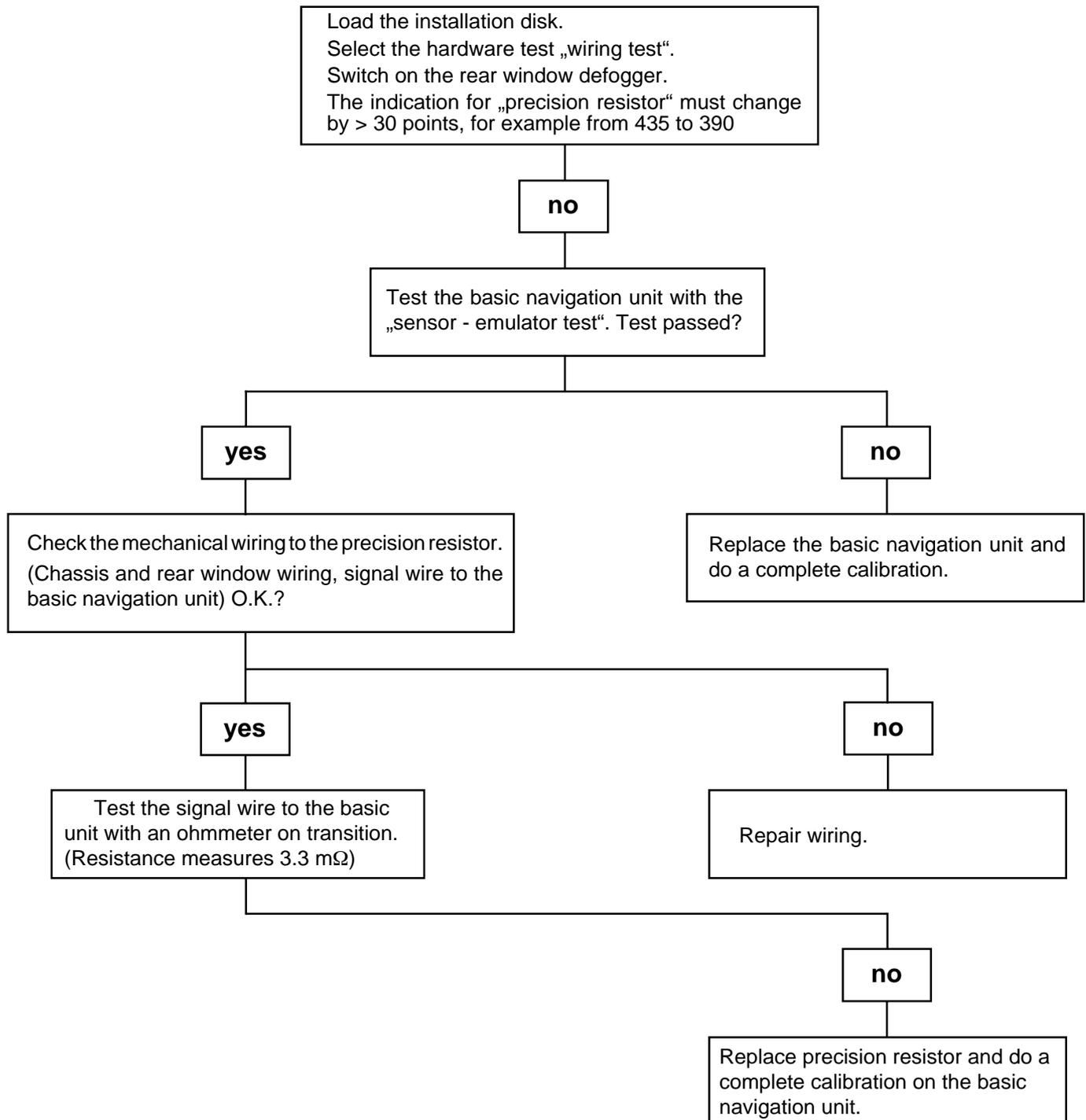
Error:

Frequent loss of locating with message faulty „left“ or „right wheel sensor“



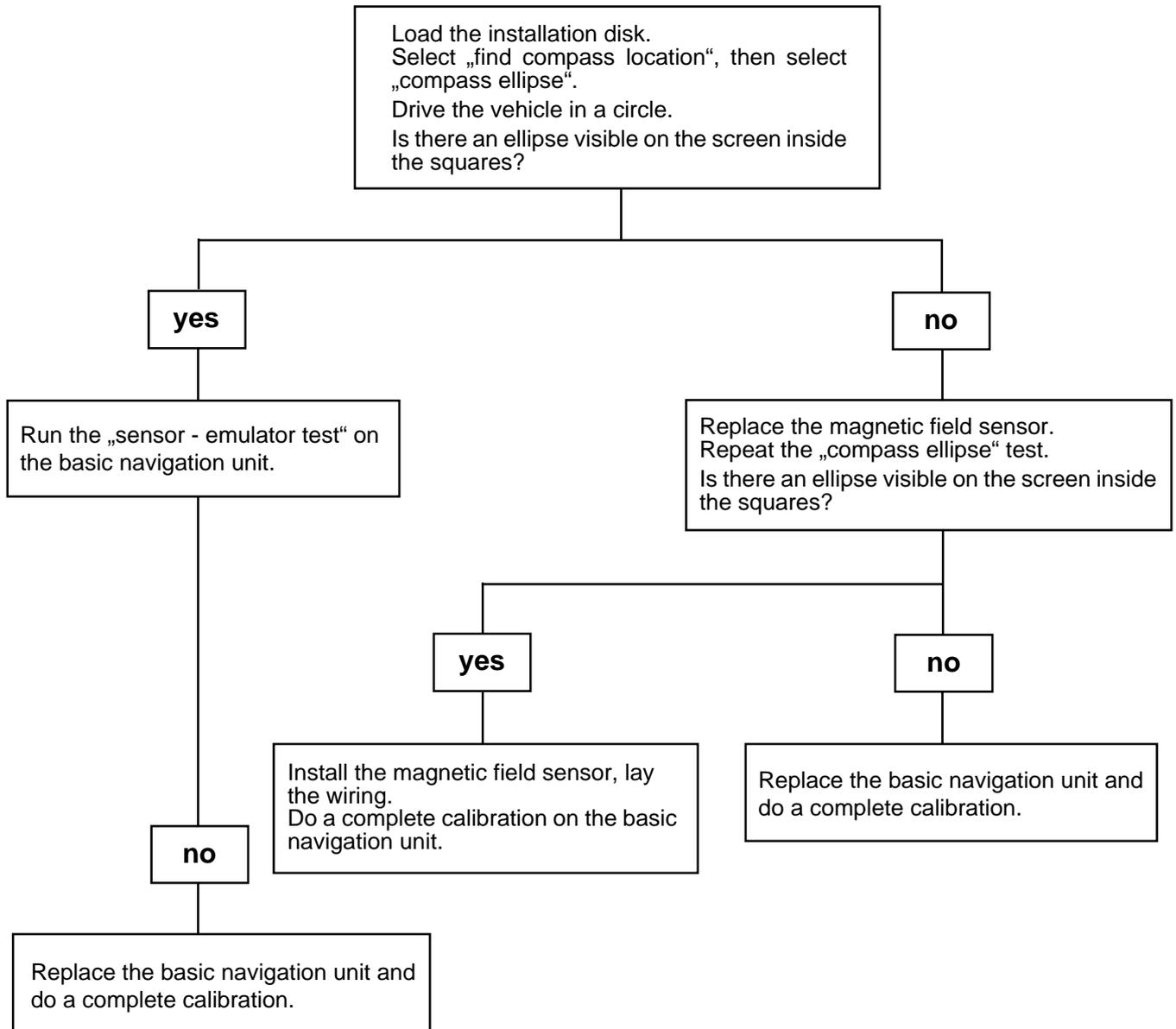
Error:

**Locating loss when the rear window defogger is switched on
and the magnetic field sensor has been mounted on the rear window**



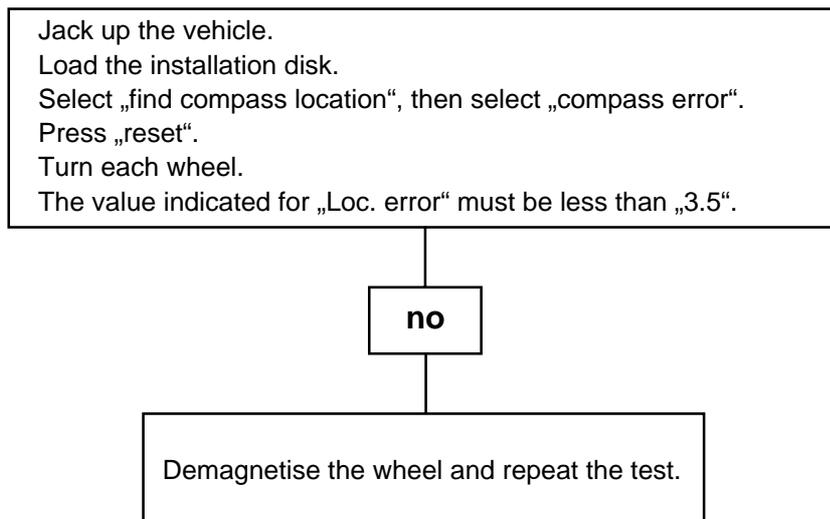
Error:

Regular locating loss even after a short drive



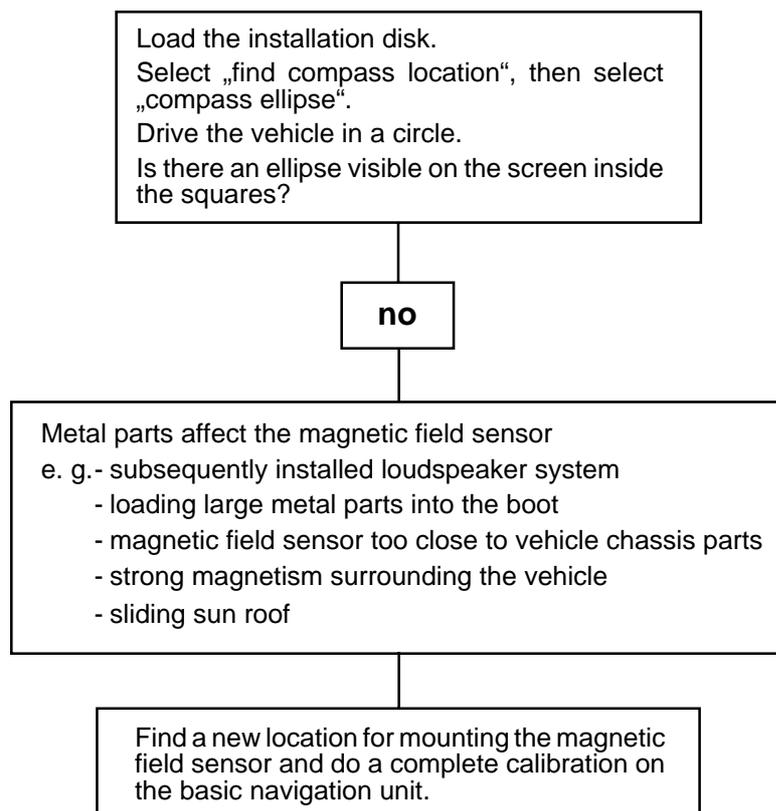
Error:

Regular locating loss due to wheel magnetism



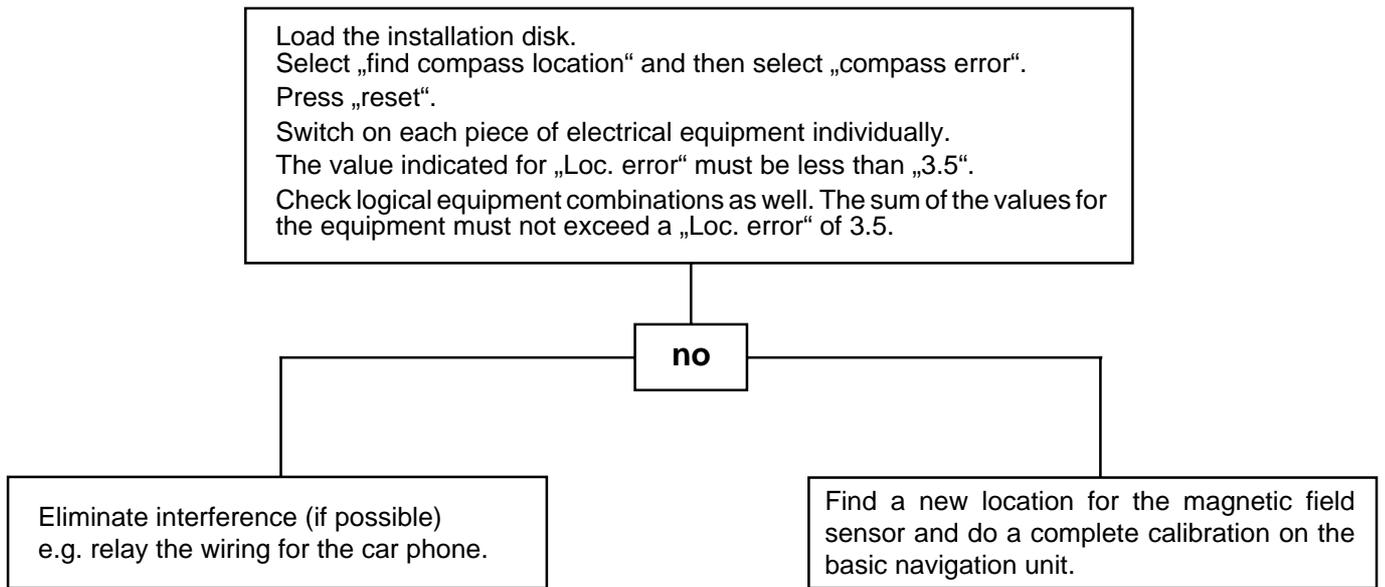
Error:

Regular locating loss due to constant magnetic changes in the vehicle



Error:

Occasional locating loss due to electrical equipment in the vehicle



Error:

„CD reading error“ appears in the display

